

# Interactive Real Time 3D-Rendering of Large Cities

This study explores the generation of realistic renders using Unreal Engine 5.1, specifically focusing on the implementation of the Nanite and Lumen Global Illumination System modules. Open data from swisstopo, including elevation models, orthophotos, and building data, is utilized to construct a georeferenced virtual world. Real-world models, such as laser-scanned surveys, can be integrated, along with future project designs. The workflow is partially automated through Python code. The research confirms the feasibility of generating these renders and identifies areas for further development, such as unifying the Python code within Unreal Engine and creating a web interface for enhanced project sharing.

## Introduction

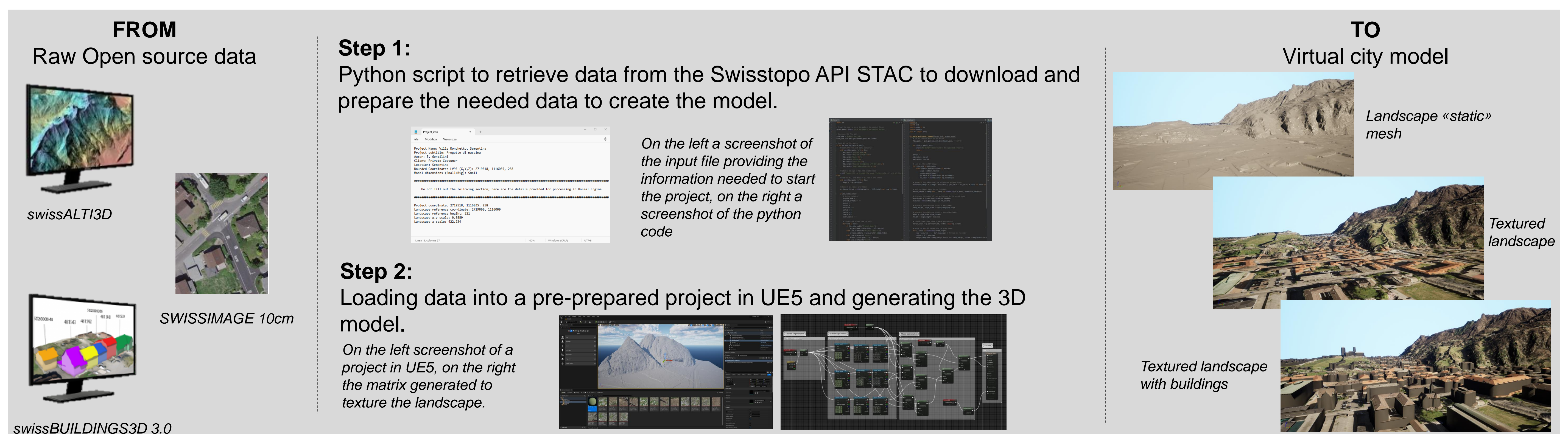
This project aims to address the challenges of processing and visualizing highly detailed 3D models in design, architecture, and urban planning. By analyzing Unreal Engine 5 (UE5), a graphics engine primarily used in video games, we explore its potential for generating and visualizing 3D city models on standard computers. Our focus is on UE5's Nanite format for mesh processing and the Lumen global illumination system for lighting

management. We integrate open-source data and detailed elements from drone and laser scanner surveys. The objective is to develop a process for converting 3D city models into the Nanite format and evaluate the performance of Lumen for real-time rendering in large urban environments. This research showcases Unreal Engine 5's broader applications and its significance in spatial planning and geomatics.



Render «view from the sky of Bellinzona, with integration of a 3D project on the field of the «Castel Grande»

## Workflow



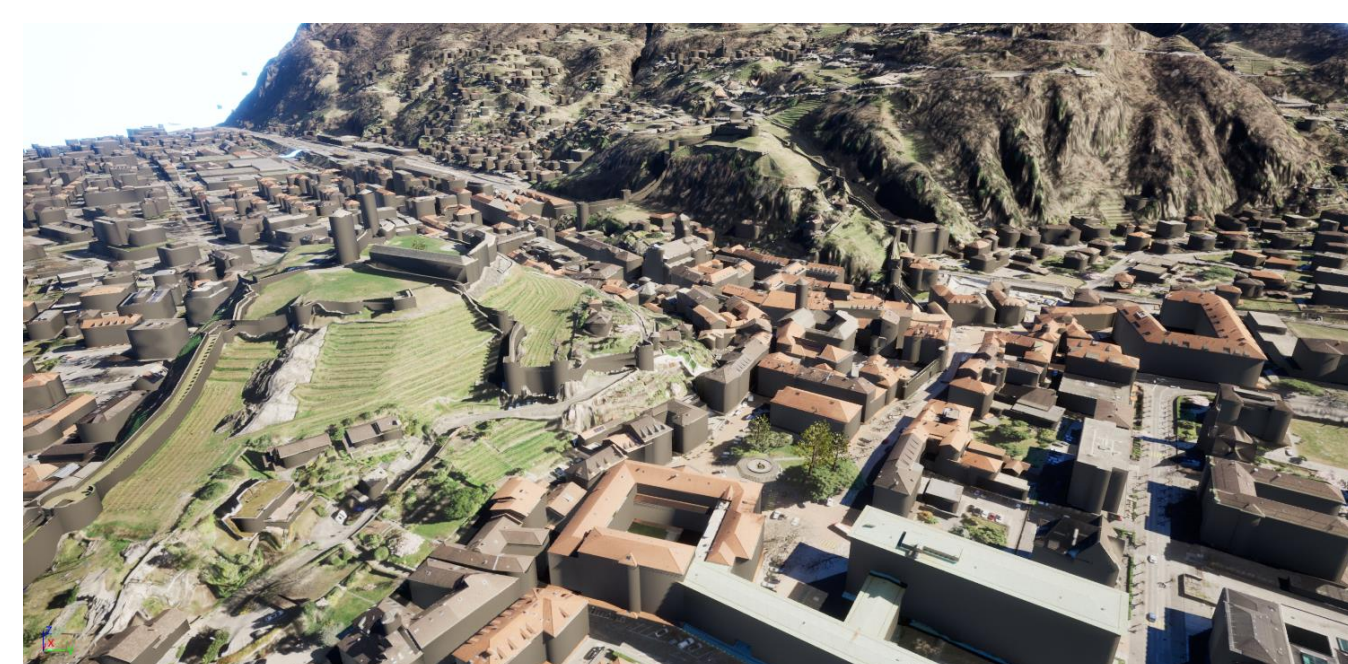
## Results

The results of this project can be categorized into four distinct areas, each demonstrating the capabilities and applications of the rendering techniques employed.

### 1) General Renders of Cities and Landscapes

Through the utilization of advanced rendering methods, the project offers visually impressive representations of urban environments and expansive landscapes. These renders display architectural elements, terrain features, and atmospheric effects, providing an holistic view of the environments.

The combination of realism and immersion enables users to explore and evaluate the overall context with exceptional fidelity.



Render of Bellinzona, view from the sky



«Piazza della foca» in Bellinzona

### 2) Renders of Surveyed Real Objects with High Details

By employing advanced scanning techniques, the project excels in capturing real-world objects with meticulous detail. High-resolution models of surveyed objects are translated into visually striking renders, facilitating in-depth analysis and visualization. This level of accuracy allows for a comprehensive understanding of the objects' in reference to the surrounding area.

### 3) Renders of Real Projects (New House)

Renders of new houses and architectural developments showcase the design intent, material properties, lighting conditions, and contextual aspects. These can be integrated in to the "base model", giving a relation from the project to the real environment where it will be realized. This level of realism enables stakeholders and decision-makers to evaluate and assess proposed projects in an immersive and accurate manner, leading to informed design choices, not only on the object but in the real context.

Idea of a new bridge in Mesocco



Idea of a new bridge in Mesocco

### 4) Renders of Ideas

Additionally, the project utilizes rendering to visualize and communicate conceptual ideas and design explorations. These renders serve as a medium for creative discussions and the exploration of design possibilities. By effectively conveying intended aesthetics and design intent, these renders foster the refinement of ideas and generate valuable insights for further development.

## Conclusion:

Through the diverse range of results presented, this project demonstrates the power and versatility of advanced rendering techniques in capturing and visualizing various subjects using a graphic engine. From detailed real-world objects to architectural designs and abstract concepts, the project's rendering capabilities open up exciting opportunities for scientific visualization, design evaluation, and creative exploration in numerous fields using practically only open source or self acquired data and a graphic game engine.

Epic Games Inc. (2023). Nanite Virtualized Geometry. URL: <https://docs.unrealengine.com/5.0/en-US/nanite-virtualized-geometry-in-unreal-engine/> [accessed: 17 march 2023].

Bundesamt für Landestopografie swisstopo (2023). Swisstopo. URL: <https://www.swisstopo.admin.ch/it/home.html> [accessed: 5 march 2023].

Biljecki, Filip/Stoter, Jantien/Ledoux, Hugo/Zlatanova, Sisi/Çöltekin, Arzu (2015). Applications of 3D City Models: State of the Art Review. In: ISPRS International Journal of Geo-Information. 4. Jg. (4). S. 2842–2889

AccuCities (2022). Tutorials: 3D City Models in UE5 for Beginners. URL: <https://www.accucities.com/tutorials-3d-city-models-in-ue5-for-beginners/> [accessed: 19 march 2023].

Image source: Swisstopo website and own screenshots.